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New National Curriculum 2014: Year 2

English

Spoken Language (Key Stage 1)

- listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
 ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and
- knowledge

 use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary

- articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
 give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
 maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative
- conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding
- to comments
 use spoken language to develop understanding through
- speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
 speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of
 Standard English
- participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role
- play, improvisations and debates gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s) consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.

- Reading: Word Reading

 continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become
- read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes
- read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above
 read words containing common suffixes
- read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word
- read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered
- read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation

 • re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence
- in word reading.

Reading: Comprehension

easure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by

- listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently
- independently
 discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of
 information are related
 becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider
 range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales
 being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in
 different ways.

- recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and

- observed the continuing the any language in stories and poetry

 discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary

 discussing their favourite words and phrases

 continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

 Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:

 drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher

 checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading

- checking that the text makes sense to them as they read and correcting inaccurate reading
 making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done
 answering and asking questions
 predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far
 participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that they can read for themselves taking them and those that they can read for themselves taking them and those that they can read the themselves taking themselves ta
- for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they listen to and those that they read for themselves.

Writing: Transcription

- spell by:

 segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many correctly
 learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which one or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones
 learning to spell more words with contracted forms
 learning to spell more words with contracted forms
- learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book]
 distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones
 add suffixes to spell longer words, including _ment, _ness,

- apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English Appendix
- write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far.

Maths

Number: Number & Place Value

- count in steps of 2, 3, and 5 from 0, and in tens from any number. forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different
- representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and =
- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words use place value and number facts to solve problems.

Number: Addition & Subtraction

- Ive problems with addition and subtraction: using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures
- · applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written
- recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100

Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:

- a two-digit number and ones
 a two-digit number and tens
- two two-digit numbers
- adding three one-digit numbers
 show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems.

- Number: Multiplicαtion & Division
 recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
- calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (), division () and equals (=) signs
- show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order
- (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts.

Number: Fractions

- recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, 1/4, 2/4, and 3/4 of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
 write simple fractions for example, 1/2 of 6 = 3 and recognise the
- equivalence of 2/4 and 1/2

Writing: Handwriting & Presentation • form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one

- start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined
- write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower case letters
 use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters.

- Writing: Composition
 Develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by:
 writing narratives about personal experiences and those of
- others (real and fictional)

- others (real and fictional)

 writing about real events

 writing poetry

 writing for different purposes
 Consider what they are going to write before beginning by:

 planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about

 writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary

 encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence
 Make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own

 writing buy.
- evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils
 re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently,
- including verbs in the continuous form
 proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences punctuated
- read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation

Writing: Vocabulary, Grammar & PunctuationDevelop their understanding of the concepts se

set out in English

- learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly (see English Appendix 2), including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular) Learn how to use:
- *sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command
 *expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]
- the brosent and past tenses correctly and consistently including the progressive form

 subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination
- (using or, and, or but)
 grammar for year 2 in English Appendix 2
 some features of written Standard English
 use and understand the grammatical terminology in English

- Appendix 2 in discussing their writing.

Measurement

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g); temperature ('C); capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels of compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the
- results using >, < and =• recognise and use symbols for pounds (\mathfrak{L}) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
 find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts
- solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change
- compare and sequence intervals of time
- tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past / to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times

 know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in

Geometry: Properties of Shapes

- identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
 identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the
- number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]

 compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday
- objects.

Geometry: Position & Direction

- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns
- movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise).

Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- ask and answer simple dubes
 in each category and sorting the categories by quantity
 ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical

Science

Working Scientifically

orking scientifically wring years 1 and 2, pupils should be taught to use the following actical scientific methods, processes and skills through the aching of the programme of study content:

- asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways
 observing closely, using simple equipment
 performing simple tests

- identifying and classifying
 using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions
- gathering and recording data to help in answering questions.

Living Things & Their Habitats

- explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive

 identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how
- basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other

 identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats

 describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.

- observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature
- find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.

- Animals, Including Humans that animals, including humans, have offspring which
- find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air)
 describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the

right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene

- Uses of Everyday Materials
- identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses of find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and

